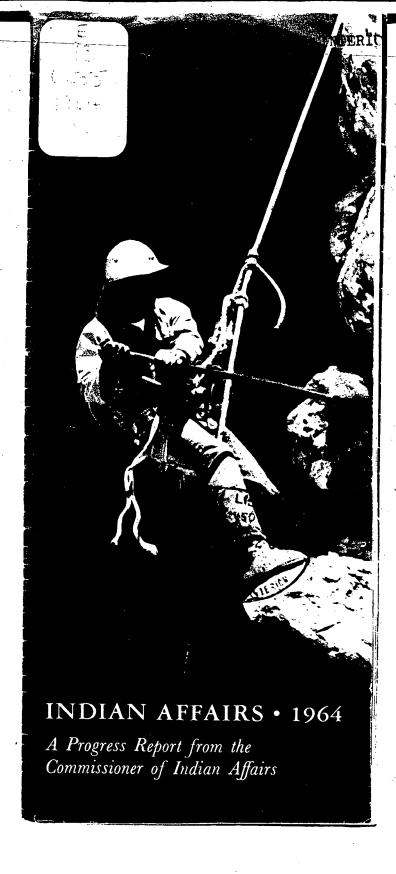
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dion in judgments to nine tribes or bands by the findian Claims Commission. In addition Congress appropriated over \$8 million to cover previous awards to five other tribes.

Indian Claims Commission Awards Fiscal Year 1964

Tribe	Net award
Chehalis	\$754, 380. 00
Muckleshoot	80, 377, 00
Cheyenne, Northern	4, 360, 886, 19
Duwamish	62, 000, 00
Klamath	2, 500, 000, 00
Omaha	1, 750, 000, 00
Otoe & Missouria	1, 750, 000, 00
Chippewa, Red Lake	1, 797, 761, 74
Chippewa, Pembina	237, 127. 82
Total	13, 292, 532. 75

PROGRAMS TO DEVELOP THE ECONOMY

The 50 million acres of scattered lands which still belong to the American Indians are doubly precious to them.

They are home to the 380,000 Indians who are legally under the protection of the United States, a symbol of the vastly greater lands which the tribes once roamed. Moreover, the lands are the Indians' principal, and sometimes only, possession.

Intelligent use of these lands is of prime importance to the Indians. Where the lands are inadequate to support a reservation's present population, new sources of employment and livelihood must be introduced.

Accomplishments of 1964 in programs for the development of the Indians' natural resources were:



Mining — a job-creating enterprise which also provides tribal income to the Fort Hall Reservation Indians in Idaho.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR • Bureau of Indian Affairs

Stewart L. Udall, Secretary

Philleo Nash, Commissioner